

Bargaining Information Series

OVERTIME COMPENSATION AND MEAL ALLOWANCES IN ONTARIO COLLECTIVE AGREEMENTS August 1976

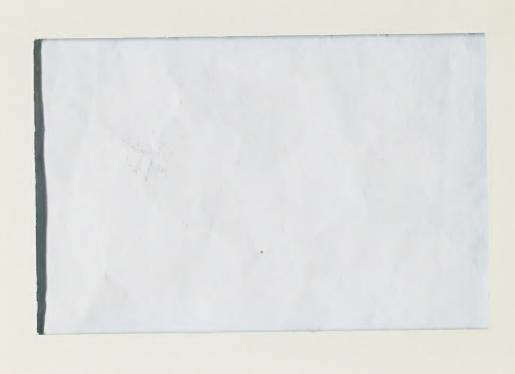
Number 17



Ministry of Research Labour Branch

Toronto Ontario





OVERTIME COMPENSATION AND MEAL ALLOWANCES IN ONTARIO COLLECTIVE AGREEMENTS

August 1976

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by

Research Branch Ontario Ministry of Labour October 1976

Hon. Bette Stephenson, M.D. Minister

T. E. Armstrong, Q.C. Deputy Minister

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FOREWORD

This paper is designed to give quick access to current information on the main elements of overtime compensation provisions in Ontario collective agreements. This is the second report in the Bargaining Information Series to cover this subject.

The information presented was drawn from an analysis of all Ontario collective agreements covering bargaining units of 200 or more employees working in industries other than construction and has been prepared to provide data that will be useful in bargaining situations. As of August 1976, when the analysis was prepared, there were 890 such agreements, covering 762,338 employees, on file with the Collective Agreements Library of the Ministry of Labour.

For further information, please call Beth Kendall at 965-6886.

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OVERTIME COMPENSATION

Most collective agreements provide that an employee will be paid a premium or given compensating time off for work in excess of the regularly scheduled hours.

Table 1 shows, by industry, how many of the 890 agreements analyzed have provisions for overtime compensation for work performed after daily or weekly regular hours, on Saturday or Sunday, and on the sixth or seventh day. Table 2 gives details of the compensation for each of these types of overtime.

Summary

Almost all of the agreements analyzed contained provisions for daily overtime; fewer had provisions for the other types of overtime, as the following tabulation shows.

Type of	Per Cent of Agreements				
Overtime Provision	All Industries	Manufacturing	Non- Manufacturing		
Daily	95	98	91		
Weekly	49	43	55		
Saturday	49	75	19		
Sunday	62	88	32		
Sixth day	41	34	49		
Seventh day	40	36	45		

Provisions for Saturday and Sunday overtime pay were more prevalent in manufacturing than in non-manufacturing agreements. A slightly greater proportion of non-manufacturing agreement had provisions for sixth and seventh day overtime. In this sector, there are a number of industries (such as transportation and hospitals) where Saturday and Sunday might be regular workdays.

Time and one-half the regular rate of pay was the most common form of compensation specified for daily, weekly, Saturday and sixth day overtime in the manufacturing sector. It was also the most prevalent in the non-manufacturing sector, but to a lesser extent; there was a corresponding increase in payment of double time and/or provision for a choice of time off or pay at time and one-half.

Double time was the most common compensation paid for Sunday and seventh day overtime in the manufacturing sector. In the non-manufacturing sector, seventh day overtime was compensated most commonly with time and one-half; almost the same number of agreements paid either double time or provided a choice of double time off or pay.

In those agreements which provided additional pay after a specified number of overtime hours, the initial rate was generally time and one-half and the higher rate was double time.

In the previous report on overtime compensation in August 1975, 875 agreements were analyzed. The percentage of agreements with provisions for each type of overtime, and the form of payments made, are basically unchanged from the previous report.

Daily Overtime

Eight hundred and forty-four agreements (95 per cent of the 890 agreements examined, covering 96 per cent of the employees) specified that an employee working beyond regular daily hours would be paid a premium rate for the time worked or given compensating time off. Almost all of the 473 manufacturing agreements (98 per cent) had provisions for daily overtime compensation as had 91 per cent of the 417 non-manufacturing contracts.

As Table 2 shows, the most common form of compensation for daily overtime was to pay the employee time and one-half the regular hourly rate. This rate was more prevalent in manufacturing agreements, while a provision that gave the employee the choice between time and one-half pay or time and one-half off was more frequent in the non-manufacturing agreements as the following tabulation shows.

Most Common Daily Overtime Compensation	All Indust Agrts		Manuf turi Agrts	ng	Non Manuf turi Agrts	ac-
Total with provision	844 744	100	464 456	100 98	380 288	100 76
off or pay at time and one-half	50	6	1	(a)	49	13

⁽a) less than 1 per cent

Of the 844 agreements with provision for daily overtime compensation, 222 (26 per cent) provided that a higher rate would be paid for additional overtime work performed after a specified number of hours following the scheduled daily hours. In 202 of these 222 agreements, the initial rate was time and one-half and the higher rate (in all but two of the agreements) was double time for all overtime hours worked in excess of the specified hours shown in the following tabulation.

	mber of reements
Total with provision	200
2 hours	24
3 hours	32
4 hours	116
5 hours	5
6 hours	1
8 hours	15
Other	7

In those 20 agreements in which the initial overtime rate was other than time and one-half, the higher compensation was either a choice of time off or pay at varying rates, or it varied for different groups of employees.

Weekly Overtime

Four hundred and thirty-five agreements (49 per cent of the 890 agreements studied, covering 48 per cent of the employees) provided compensation for overtime worked after regular weekly hours. Fewer than half of the 473 manufacturing agreements (43 per cent) and more than half of the 417 non-manufacturing agreements (55 per cent) had provisions for weekly overtime compensation. There is no pyramiding of overtime payments: both daily overtime and weekly overtime compensation are not paid for the same hours worked.

The tabulation below shows that the most common form of compensation was payment of time and one-half the regular hourly rate, especially in the manufacturing sector. A choice of time and one-half off or time and one-half in pay was more frequent in the non-manufacturing agreements.

					Non	_
Most Common Weekly	A11		Manuf	ac-	Manuf	ac-
Overtime	Indust	ries	turi	ng	turi	ng
Compensation	Agrts	_%_	Agrts		Agrts	%
Total with						
provision	435	100	205	100	230	100
Time and one-half	395	91	202	99	193	84
Equivalent time off or pay at time and						
one-half	16	4	1	(a)	15	6

⁽a) Less than 1 per cent

Higher premiums were provided after an initial number of overtime hours in 23 (5 per cent) of the 435 agreements with provision for weekly overtime. In 15 of these, the initial rate was time and one-half and the higher rate was double time after the hours shown in the following tabulation; in the remaining 8 agreements where the initial rate was other than time and one-half, both the initial and the higher rates varied.

Weekly Overtime Hours after which Double-Time was Paid	Number of Agreements
Total with provision	15
3 hours	1 1 5 4
More than 10 hours	4

Saturday Overtime

Four hundred and thirty-six agreements (49 per cent of the 890 agreements analyzed, covering 38 per cent of the employees) provided compensation for employees who worked on a Saturday which was not part of their regular work schedule. Three-quarters of the 473 manufacturing agreements (75 per cent) provided Saturday overtime compensation. This provision was considerably less prevalent in the non-manufacturing sector where it appeared in only 19 per cent of the 417 agreements.

Time and one-half was the most common rate of pay for Saturday overtime work, especially in the manufacturing sector, as the next tabulation shows. A higher proportion of the non-manufacturing agreements paid double time for Saturday work.

					Non	
Most Common Saturday	A11		Manuf	ac-	Manuf	ac-
Overtime	Indust	ries	turi	ng	turi	ng _
Compensation	Agrts	%	Agrts	%	Agrts	%
Total with						
provision	436	100	356	100	80	100
Time and one-half	392	90	336	94	56	70
Double time	31	7	17	5	14	18

Higher premiums were provided after an initial number of overtime hours in 124 (28 per cent) of the 436 agreements with provision for Saturday overtime. In 118 of these, the initial rate was time and one-half and the higher rate was double time. In the remaining 6 agreements both the initial and the higher rates varied.

Saturday Overtime Hours after which Double Time was Paid	Number of Agreements
Total with provision	118
3 hours	4
4 hours	21
5 hours	5
8 hours	52
10 hours	3
11 hours	6
12 hours	15
Other	12

Sunday Overtime

Five hundred and fifty agreements (62 per cent of the 890 agreements examined, covering 51 per cent of the employees) provided compensation for employees who worked on a Sunday which was not part of their regular work schedule. A large majority of the 473 manufacturing agreements (88 per cent) provided Sunday overtime compensation. This provision was less common in the manufacturing sector (in 32 per cent of the 417 agreements).

Double time was the most common rate of pay for Sunday overtime work, especially in the manufacturing sector, followed by payment of time and one-half.

Most Common Sunday Overtime Compensation	A11 Indust Agrts		Manuf turi Agrts	ng	Non Manuf turi Agrts	ac-
Total with provision Time and one-half Double time	550	100	417	100	133	100
	105	19	70	17	35	26
	416	76	339	81	77	58

In 26 of the 550 agreements with provision for Sunday overtime, double time was paid after an initial number of overtime hours paid at time and one-half, as shown below.

Sunday Overtime Hours after which Double Time was Paid	Number of Agreements
Total with provision	26
3 hours	1
4 hours	1
8 hours	24

In 12 other agreements the initial overtime rate varied; in 7 of these the higher rate also varied and in the other 5 the higher rate was triple time paid after 8 hours of overtime.

Sixth Day Overtime

Three hundred and sixty-five agreements (41 per cent of the 890 agreements analyzed, covering 61 per cent of the employees), provided compensation for hours worked on the sixth consecutive day of work or the first scheduled day off for employees whose regular schedule might include Saturday. Just over one-third (34 per cent) of the 473 manufacturing agreements had sixth day overtime provisions compared with 49 per cent of the 417 non-manufacturing contracts.

Pay for work on the sixth day was most frequently at the rate of time and one-half, especially in the manufacturing sector. A greater proportion of the agreements in the nonmanufacturing sector specified double time pay or offered the choice of pay or time off at time and one-half.

					Non	-
Most Common Sixth	A11		Manuf	ac-	Manuf	ac-
Day Overtime	Indust	ries	turi	ng	turi	ng
Compensation	Agrts	%	Agrts	%	Agrts	%
Total with						
provision	365	100	160	100	205	100
Time and one-half	276	76	147	92	129	63
Double time	30	8	9	6	21	10
Equivalent time						
off or pay at						
time and one-half	39	11	-	-	39	19

In 49 of the 365 agreements providing sixth day overtime compensation, double time was paid after the initial rate of time and one-half for the hours shown below.

Sixth Day Overtime Hours after which Double Time was Paid	Number of Agreements
Total with provision	49
4 hours	7
7½ hours	4
8 hours	21
11 hours	2
12 hours	5
Other	10

In 12 other agreements the initial overtime rate varied: in 8 of these, the higher compensation was a choice of double time off or double pay after $7\frac{1}{2}$ hours of overtime; in the other 4 agreements, the higher rate varied.

Seventh Day Overtime

Three hundred and fifty-nine agreements (40 per cent of the 890 agreements studied, covering 54 per cent of the employees) provided compensation for hours worked on the seventh consecutive day or for employees whose regular work week might include Sunday. Over one-third of the 473 manufacturing agreements (36 per cent) had seventh day overtime provisions compared with 45 per cent of the 417 non-manufacturing agreements.

As the following tabulation shows, the most common form of seventh-day compensation was double time in the manu-

facturing sector; in the non-manufacturing sector 45 per cent pay time and one-half and a further 43 per cent pay either double time or provide a choice of double time off or pay.

Most Common Seventh Day Overtime	All Indust	rion	Manuf turi		Non Manuf turi	ac-
Compensation	Agrts	%	Agrts		Agrts	%
Total with						
provision	359	100	170	100	189	100
Time and one-half	140	39	54	32	86	45
Double time	164	46	113	66	51	27
Double time off						
or pay at double time	31	9	-	-	31	16

Higher rates of pay were specified in 14 of the 359 agreements with provision for seventh day overtime compensation. In 12 of these, the initial rate was time and one-half followed by double time for work in excess of the hours in the tabulation below; the remaining two varied.

Seventh Day Overtime Hours after which Double Time was Paid	Number of Agreements
Total with provision	12
7½ hours	2 3 4 1 2

MEAL ALLOWANCES

In 299 agreements (34 per cent) of the 890 agreements examined a meal allowance was provided or paid for when employees were required to work overtime.

The payment for a meal ranged from \$1.00 to \$4.50 (with one exceptional case of \$7.50). The most common allowances were \$2.00 in 18 per cent of the agreements, \$1.50 in 12 per cent and \$2.50 in 12 per cent.

Meals were provided by the employer in 69 agreements, and in a further 48 contracts the employer had the option of providing or paying for a meal.

Employees usually had to work a minimum number of overtime hours to qualify for a meal allowance, as the following tabulation shows.

	N	lumber	of Agr	eement	s Prov	iding	Meal
		A11	owance	after	Overt	ime of	
	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2	2½	3	4	
Meal Allowance	hr.	hrs.	hrs.	hrs.	hrs.	hrs.	Other
Total with provision	25	8	158	1	61	22	24
Up to \$1.50	8		29	-	8	5	5
\$1.51 - \$2.00	3	2	45	_	16	1	4
\$2.01 - \$2.50	3	2	25	_	23	1	4
\$2.51 or more	2	1	20	-	10	2	_
Meals provided	9	3	36	1	4	12	4
Other	_	_	3	-	-	1	7

Over half (53 per cent) of the 299 agreements supplied a meal or paid a meal allowance after 2 hours of overtime; of these 36 provided a meal, 33 paid \$2.00 and 23 paid \$1.50. The remainder varied from \$1.00 to \$7.50.

In the previous report, 144 or 50% of the 286 agreements providing a meal allowance paid \$2.00 or less and 66, or 23 per cent, paid \$2.01 or more. The current figures are 42 per cent and 31 per cent, respectively.

Overtime Compensation Provisions in Ontario Collective Agreements Covering 200 or More Employees, by Industry, August 1976

	Seventh Day Overtime	Emp1s	410,493	155,271	11,445 4,246 4,246 11,438 1,438 12,375 23,746 7,520 4,754 54,368 19,566 23,746 7,520 1,347 1,347 1,347 255,222 1,347 256,369 1,167 1,167 37,072 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 18,507 7,015 8,507 7,015	
	Seve	Agrts	359	170	18 - 1 1 1 2 7 2 4 1 1 2 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	14
	Sixth Day Overtime	Emp1s	462,062	162,602	8,210 - 332 4,486 - 1,686 - 323 13,298 2,652 24,416 - 7,222 4,754 65,533 19,916 2,007 1,377 1,377 2,007 1,377 1,377 2,007 1,377 1,470 1,470 1	0 0 0 0
		Agrts	365	160	16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 19 10 10 11 11 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	14
sions for	nday rtime	Emp1s	388,857	257,534	20,433 10,016 1,822 9,188 7,95 1,732 3,488 4,053 17,707 15,696 81,472 38,420 7,723 7,723 4,040 7,723 1,925 1,925 1,925 1,925 1,925 1,925 1,925 1,925 1,925 1,925 1,092 1,092 1,092 1,092 1,092 1,092 1,092	11,992
provisi	Sund	Agrts	550	417	18 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	20
with	turday	Emp1s	292,413	227,025	13,306 11,423 10,016 1,616 6,132 2,538 4,033 4,033 8,782 17,372 17,372 17,372 17,372 15,696 81,268 37,651 5,001 5,001 1,925 11,344 17,344 1,925 17,344 17,344 1,925 17,344 1,025 1,092 2,569	9,548
Number	Satt	Agrts	436	356	18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12
	1y Weekly Overtime	Emp1s	362,386	155,160	11,110 3,364 1,798 5,206 9,109 1,783 1,745 4,972 27,394 5,846 9,585 50,570 10,231 4,334 4,334 5,846 9,585 50,570 10,231 4,334 1,375 207,226 5,290 1,375 1,375 1,375 1,375 1,375 1,375 1,375 20,570 1,375 1,375 1,375 20,570 1,375	13,603
		Agrts	435	205	29 15 16 11 18 11 18 11 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	20
		Emp1s	734,220	299,130	20,880 11,423 10,016 3,058 11,319 3,159 9,109 3,550 4,033 17,621 6,176 20,220 16,071 8,950 1,347 7,020 6,591 435,090 6,177 25,227 50,483 1,700 38,756 19,719 1,462 30,787 50,483 1,462 30,787 50,483 1,462 30,787 50,483 1,462 30,787 50,483 1,462 30,787 50,483 1,462 30,787 50,483 1,462 30,787 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 50,483 1,462 1,700 25,227 50,483 1,462 25,227 50,483 1,462 25,227 50,483 1,462 26,483 1,462 27,683 27,107 27,10	n n
	Dai	Agrts	844	464	44 4 4 1 1 2 2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	45
I with	Overtime Compensation	Emp1s	762,338	304,368	21,252 10,016 3,058 11,544 11,544 3,838 4,353 17,621 6,176 31,878 20,220 16,071 8,950 1,347 7,020 7,020 7,020 1,347 7,020 1,347 7,020 1,347 1,347 7,020 1,347 1,447 1	34,101
Total wit	Compe	Agrts	890	473	45 45 18 18 19 27 27 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 21 20 21 21 22 24 25 27 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	52
	Industry		All Industries	Manufacturing		Provincial Admin.

TABLE 2

Initial Compensation for Overtime Work in Ontario Collective Agreements
Covering 200 or more Employees, August 1976

Amount of	Number of agreements with provision for								
Compensation	Daily Overtime	Weekly Overtime	Saturday Overtime	Sunday Overtime	Sixth Day Overtime	Seventh Day Overtime			
Total with provision	844	435	436	550	365	359			
Straight time	Alamaria.	1	1	- 1	-	_			
Time & one-quarter Time & one-half Time & three quarters	744 2	1 395	392	105	276	140			
Time & three-quarters Double time Double time & one-half	4	1	31	416	30	164			
Triple time Equivalent time off	- 1	- 1		1 -	_				
Time & one-half off Equivalent time off or pay at straight	-	1	Hamilton I		-	-			
time Equivalent time off or pay at time	3	2	-	- VI	2	2			
and one-half Time and one-half off or pay at time	20	11	2	1	8	7			
and one-half Double time off or	50	16	3	- 11.	39	7			
pay at double time Varies for different	-	-	2	10	1	31			
groups of employees Other	12 8	5 1	3 2	2 10	6 1	4 2			
Same Committee	less passi		other exection	H. H. H. W	64.				

Previous Reports in the Bargaining Information Series Still Available

Report Number	<u>Title</u>
7	Selected Cost-of-Living Provisions in Ontario Collective Agreements, May 1975
8	Paid Vacations and Paid Holidays in Ontario Collective Agreements, July 1975
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11	Reporting, Call-back and Stand-by Pay; Shift, Saturday and Sunday Premiums; and Work Clothing, Safety Equipment and Tool Allowances in Ontario Collective Bargaining Agreements, September 1976
12	Paid Vacations and Paid Holidays in Ontario Collective Agreements, January 1976
13	Cost-of-Living Provisions in Ontario Collective Bargaining Agreements, October 1975
14	Life Insurance and Accidental Death and Dismember- ment Insurance Plans in Ontario Collective Agreements
15	Paid Vacations and Paid Holiday in Ontario Collective Agreements, July 1976
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Special Issues

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